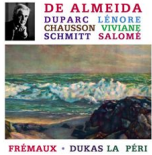


Dukas, Duparc, Chausson, Schmitt (de Almeida) [1970]



1. *Dukas – La Peri Fanfare* 2. *Dukas - La Peri* 3. *Duparc – Lenore* 4. *Chausson – Viviane*
5. *Schmitt – La Tragedie de Salome I* 6. *Schmitt – La Tragedie de Salome II* New
Philharmonia Orchestra Antonio De Almeida – conductor

The CD contains four works, all named after women, that used to be more popular. Who knows why they went out of fashion? Draw a hot bath, and while you're soaking in it, soak in the lush melodies, harmonies, and orchestrations of four French masters. You might need to rinse yourself off after it is all over.

Dukas's tone poem (the important prefatory Fanfare is included here too) *La Péri* is an odd combination of fairy and Norn; the tale told by Dukas's music is of an aging ruler who, having obtained the Flower of Immortality from the *péri*, is seduced into giving it back. (Perhaps significantly, this was the composer's last major score.)

Henri Duparc is most famous for his songs, of which there are little more than a handful. *Lénore* is his most familiar orchestral work – which isn't saying much, because he was even less prolific in this genre. This 12-minute tone poem, based on a well-known German ballad, describes the sufferings of the eponymous lady, who is carried away on horseback by the ghost of her betrothed. Duparc was a pupil of Franck, and *Lénore* shows his fingerprints, as well as those of Richard Wagner. (In fact, parts of *Lénore* hover close to *Tristan*.)

Viviane, an ally of Merlin, is the subject of Ernest Chausson's tone poem. Here, Massenet's influence is added to the heady Franco-Wagnerian brew. And if today's listeners know Florent Schmitt's *Tragédie de Salome*, it is probably because of Paul Paray's famous recording from

Dukas Duparc Chausson Schmitt (de Almeida) [1970]

Written by bluesever

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1958 with the Detroit Symphony Orchestra, reissued on CD in 1994. Based not on Oscar Wilde but on a poem by Robert d'Humières, Schmitt's score (which is almost contemporaneous with Richard Strauss's opera) emphasizes the Symbolist and supernatural elements of Salome's tale. Again, late French Romanticism of the richest type is predominant, and there are surprising hints of Stravinsky's *Le Sacre du printemps* in the culminating "Dance of Fright."

De Almeida includes it, although we are not told the name of the singer. Not just in the Schmitt, but also in the Chausson and the Duparc, de Almeida and the New Philharmonia Orchestra throw caution to the winds, and play the music not just with polish, but also with all the abandon it deserves. --- Raymond Tuttle, classical.net

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